

Electrolyte Functions and Normal Laboratory Values

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Sodium

- controls extracellular fluid volume
- helps impact blood pressure
- facilitates muscle function
- facilitates nerve function

135-145
mmol/L

Calcium

- essential for health of bones and teeth
- contributes to blood clotting
- facilitates muscle function
- facilitates transmission of nerve impulses

3.6-5.5
mg/dl

Potassium

- regulates heart and blood pressure
- helps balance electrolytes
- facilitates transmission of nerve impulses
- facilitates muscle contraction

8.8-10.7
mmol/L

Magnesium

- regulates blood glucose levels
- regulates heart rhythm
- facilitates the production of RNA & DNA
- facilitates nerve and muscle function

1.46-2.68
mg/dl

Chloride

- essential for digestion
- helps balance electrolytes
- maintains acid-base balance

96-106
mmol/L

Bicarbonate

- maintains a healthy pH
- regulates heart function

23-30
mmol/L

Phosphorus

- essential for health of bones and teeth
- facilitates ATP production
- facilitates muscle function
- facilitates nerve function

3.4-4.5
mg/dl